

## Madness Rules! 24 Hour-Treason to Humanity.

We have devoted a much space of late to a development of the policy of the Administration relative to slavery.

That policy was fairly indicated in the Inaugural Address of President LINCOLN, the selection of his Cabinet, his message to Congress, the out-givings of his Secretary of War, and the declarations of leading statesmen like EDWARD EVERETT and JOHN COCHRANE, who were known to possess his confidence and understood to reflect his opinions; but it is so atrocious, inhuman, and suicidal that many intelligent Kentuckians believed it impossible that even ABRAHAM LINCOLN, and the Abolition agitators he had called around him, could contemplate it without horror.

We cannot but hope that the accumulated evidence of the purpose of the Administration at Washington to convert their into a free negro government, which we have from time to time placed before the public, had, prior to the appearance of the last message of Mr. LINCOLN, convinced the people of at least Southern Kentucky that the success of the Northern Armies in their State would make them the subjects of a centralized despotism in which equality of the races is cardinal doctrine.

If, however, there was one reader of the *Courier* who still doubted whether the North was given over to utter madness, and hoped for moderation, justice, and constitutional government in connection with the free States, the official enunciation of the policy of the Administration through President's message, which we have published in full, and commented upon at length, must have dispelled his hopes and burned upon his brain the fearful fact, that the people of the South, not now fighting for liberty, the right to govern themselves, their interests, their honor, and their independence alone, are engaged in a desperate struggle for existence, for should freedom be given to four millions of slaves, and arms put into their hands, then the question will not alone be which shall be the superior race, but which shall be exterminated!

The President's message is fearfully clear upon this subject, as we have shown. It indicates only too clearly that not only is it intended to proclaim freedom to the slaves, but that social and political equality is to follow.

And now comes the official report of Mr. CAMERON, Secretary of War, elaborating, discussing, setting forth with more particularity the policy of the administration—a policy so infernal that the English language contains no words to express the abhorrence it must excite in the breast of every human being over whose mind accursed fanaticism has not established its sway. Men of Kentucky, in whose veins flows the blood of a generous and noble ancestry, whose fathers would have perished at the stake rather than submit to degradation, whose mothers would have torn you from their breasts and dashed you from the highest peak of your glorious mountains had they ever dreamed that you would be such, spiritless and craven things as to consent to live on terms of equality with the emancipated slaves of your fellow-citizens, read the recommendation of the Secretary of War—of the Administration;—and then prepare to meet the proclamation for your degradation, the dishonor of your mothers, wives, and sweethearts, and the indiscriminate massacre of the old and the young, the innocent and the guilty, the unarmed, defenceless, and helpless, as those whose names you bear would meet it could they burst the cerements of the grave and stand in your places!

### Canada War Movements.

The *Mobile Advertiser* states that the commander of the forces has proceeded West to take the necessary steps for placing that portion of the Province in a state of defense. It has been resolved to call out the Provincial Militia for drill during the winter, and steps have been taken to erect some fortifications at weak points, for which purpose the Sappers and Miners at Halifax have been ordered to Montreal. The Government steamers will not winter at Quebec, but proceed to the Lakes, so that they can be employed, in case of an emergency, before the opening of the river navigation. Arms and ammunition are being forwarded from Quebec to the inland magazines.

The erection of new batteries has been commenced near the old fort at Toronto. Two batteries will be erected, each to mount six heavy guns.

The *Boston Post* says: "A ton of powder, destined for the United States, was recently confiscated at Montreal."

The *Toronto Leader*, a Government organ, has the following:

The defenses of Toronto are now being rapidly strengthened in anticipation of the occurrence of any thing unpleasant in the relations of Great Britain with the neighboring Republic. At the old fort, commanding the western entrance to the harbor and the railway approaches to the city, the most

active preparations are being made. Yesterday afternoon the work was commenced of erecting a new battery of ten guns on the south side of the barracks, overlooking the extensive warehouses of the Grand Trunk Railway, the Queen's wharf and the channel. Two hundred men of the Thirtieth Regiment were detailed for the duty, and at three o'clock marched out to work, armed with pick axes and shovels. They appeared quite jubilant at the prospect—remote as we trust it is—of active operations in the field, and set about their work, under the superintendence of an officer of the Royal Engineers, with a readiness and spirit characteristic of the British soldier. The breastwork on which they are employed will extend along nearly the whole south front of the parade ground, and will be a strong and formidable work. The guns to be mounted upon it—or rather behind it—are sixty pounders, with one large Armstrong gun which will command nearly the whole harbor. The timber for the platforms, &c., is now on the ground, and sawn and otherwise prepared for immediate use. There is an old earthwork, with a three-gun battery, on this side of the fort, but it has for years been crumbling away, and now does not rise more than three feet above the surface of the parade ground. The battery has been dismantled and most of the wood carried off. The new earthwork will be raised about ten feet inside of the old, and will have a base apparently of about twenty feet.

There are now on the ground upward of twenty old smooth bore cannon, "honey-combed" with rust, and long since condemned. The carriages for the new metal arrived by railway yesterday, and were hauled to the barracks on Messrs. Hendrix & Shelden's heavy wagons. The guns are expected to arrive to-day or to-morrow. Very little information with regard to the work is to be gained on the ground. The officer in charge on being asked by our reporter, said he knew little further than the facts that it was to be a ten gun battery, and that little he was not at liberty to communicate. The work is apparently to be pushed forward in great haste, two hundred men being detailed every day for the purpose. They receive extra pay for the labor, and appear exceedingly anxious to be employed.

It is reported that the garrison that is intended to extend the fortifications along the bank of the lake to the new fort, planting batteries in all for thirty-six heavy cannon; and that, in addition, a heavy battery is to be erected on the northwest angle of the fort, overlooking the ravine and commanding the Great Western and Northern Railways.

It is also reported that ten or ten thousand men are to be erected on the common, between the two forts; and that works are to be constructed at the eastern end of the city, somewhere in the neighborhood of the Don river. What truth there is in these rumors we have no reason of judging, but they probably arise from the fact of the council of military authorities lately held at Quebec, and the recent visit of His Excellency the Commander of the forces in this city.

### The Secretary of War and the Policy of the Lincoln Administration—The Slaves of "Rebels" to be Armed and Set Free.

There are \$1,000,000,000 worth of slave property in the "rebel" States;—the slave property in the South is justly subjected to all the consequences of this rebellious war;—it would be madness to leave the Southern people in the possession their slave property;—when the slaves are taken from their masters, as the Government cannot hold them as property, and it would be useless and expensive to hold them as prisoners of war, "it is the right, and may become the duty of the government to arm and equip them, and employ their services against the rebels;"—and after the war, all such negroes will be justly entitled to freedom and the special protection of the Government!

These are some of the propositions of Mr. CAMERON, the Secretary of War at Washington!

And Mr. CAMERON speaks for the whole Administration. If a majority of the Cabinet did not approve these recommendations, Mr. CAMERON would be promptly dismissed. If any one member of the Cabinet did not approve them, he would withdraw from the Administration. If the President himself did not agree with Mr. CAMERON, he would not have sent this report to Congress at all.

That Mr. CAMERON speaks for the President and other members of the Cabinet, is admitted as a fact which cannot be denied, by the friends of the Administration. The *Louisville Journal* of the 6th inst., publishes the Report, and says:

"As respects the question of slavery, the report confirms our worst apprehensions. And the most grievous fact of all is that the report on this head can only be regarded as an expansion of what the President says in the same relation. The report of the Secretary is of course sanctioned by the President. What is said by the one concerning slavery is but an illumination of what is said by the other. The Secretary in this respect is no worse than the President, and the President is no better than the Secretary."

We demand of the people of Kentucky, that they read the message of the President and the Report of his Secretary—both of which have been published in the *Courier*—and we appeal to them by the memories of the past and the hopes of the future to meet the dreadful issue thrust upon them with the spirit of men.

The infernal purpose of the tyrant Usurper and his advisers is avowed.

Backed by the bayonets of his armies, the President feels strong enough to defy the latent patriotism of his section, and proclaims his long-settled purpose to sweep away all the barriers of the Constitution and all the defences of civil liberty.

And to the South, who foresaw his intentions and the effects of Northern fanaticism, and barely in time to steps for the preservation of their liberties, he comes with fire and sword, proclaims freedom to the slaves, and "arms and equips" the emancipated negroes for the re-enactment of the dreadful scenes of St. Domingo.

Men of Kentucky, you must take up arms for liberty, dearest boon of Heaven; but while fighting for the privileges of freemen, you must also strike with strong arms in defence of your wives and little ones, upon whom the Administration proposes to turn loose an ignorant and licentious horde of slaves, in whom lust and vengeance have been stimulated by abolition appeals, and into whose hands guns have been put by the agents of a government which yet pretends to be civilized!

Wherever this fiendish policy shall be carried out, which will be on every foot of Southern soil where the armies of the administration shall get power, the innocent and the guilty will suffer alike.—The slaves of the "loyal" and the "disloyal" will alike be emancipated and armed. And when the freed negroes shall be turned loose, who believes they will discriminate between the friends of the North and those of the South?

The issue is no longer disguised. The hour in which it must be met, has arrived. To delay, fellow-citizens of Kentucky, is equally criminal and fatal. The answer to the defiance of the administration must be given now. Let it be from your rifles.

### The Difference.

The following extract from a letter from Washington to the *Cincinnati Times*, most significantly indicates the difference of feeling, motive and action that animates the women of the two sections. The difference between the men is equally as great, as every battle field has attested:

And now that blankets are the subject, let me digress to refer to the recent appeal of the government for donations of these indispensable comforts. The meager response made by Northern women to this call is, by itself, evidence that the South is more in earnest than the North; at least, it feels more keenly the necessity of the crisis. It is known that scarcely a Southern matron from Bull Run to Rio Grande possesses a spare blanket. All surplus contents of the family chests and drawers have gone to comfort the shivering rebel army. But the women of the opulent and thrifty North—the 5,000,000 housewives of the North—find heart to distribute among their patriot brothers only thirty-five hundred of the 20,000,000 blankets in their possession.

### The Abolition Congress—Its Session.

The following from the *Chicago Tribune* of the 4th, pretty clearly indicates the spirit of the present abolition Congress:

The proceedings of Congress yesterday indicate a pretty stern work. The severest measures for the conduct of the war will be adopted, and it is evident from the temper of the house, as illustrated yesterday, so far from constituting any ground of objection to a policy, will add to the chances of its adoption. We may look, therefore, for legislation of the most unmistakable and decided character, not only on slavery but upon all other questions connected with the war. There will be no trifling, but action of the most earnest kind.

The progress of the war during the past six months demonstrates what few even of our most sagacious statesmen foresaw that the struggle is not an ephemeral disturbance, to be settled in six or twelve months—but a tremendous war that may last three years, and call for the exertion of all the nation's strength, and all the people's power of endurance.

A contest for life cannot, in the nature of things, be a trivial thing; and, in this case, the struggle of the nation for existence against a conspiracy meditated and planned for years, and executed with the most gigantic and complete appliances, must necessarily be desperate, and perhaps prolonged. Congress has arrived at a perception of this truth, and will, at the present session, shape its measures and declare its policy thereupon.

We trust, however, that Congress will be careful not to do anything rash under a mistaken conviction of its severity. The present hour calls for wisdom, as well as for energy—wisdom to economize the nation's strength and direct it, with the least waste, to the end in view. We have already been too reckless in the management of the war—too wasteful of our resources, and too profligate of our strength.

We have a prodigious army in the field, and a prodigious fleet on the sea; but much of the vigor of both these arms has been expended in uncoordinated and inharmonious movements, which have led us but a league or two into the enemy's country, and have fallen far short of the work such powerful forces might accomplish if steadily, judiciously and unwaveringly directed to a definite object.

Henceforth there should be a stricter economy, not only of our expenditures, but of our forces; and it will be the duty of Congress to insure this by divesting the war of all extraneous issues, and directing the forces of the country to the naked object; of promptly, permanently, and effectually suppressing the rebellion.

## WAR NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE WE

WILL SELL

GOODS

EXCLUSIVELY

## FOR CASH!

The existing state of affairs compels us to pursue this course, and we wish it distinctly understood that this rule will apply to EVERY ONE, and hope no one will ask us to deviate from it.

Being obliged to pay Cash for every article we purchase, we hope our friends and the public generally will at once see the justice and propriety of such a course on our part.

(Signed) THOMPSON & CO.,  
A. C. & A. B. BEECH,  
L. F. BEECH,  
R. C. MCNAIRY & CO.,  
D. HUMPHREY.

may 21, 1861.

### REMOVAL.

BEASLEY & RUTH,  
No. 13, Deaderick street, Nashville, Tenn., near door to Henderson Bros.

ARE prepared to do all kinds of Painting, Gilding, Marbling and Paper-Hanging, at prices to suit the times.

Kettles and Bark Mills.  
STOCK, or Salt Petre Kettles, and Bark Mills for sale at

nov1-walwin

To Farmers.

THE Quartermaster's Department is now prepared to purchase CORN, OATS, and HAY for the use of the Confederate Army.  
The Corn and Oats are wanted shelled and in sacks—the Hay in bales.  
To be delivered at the Warehouse of James Johnson & Co., Market street, Nashville, Tenn.  
For further information apply at above named place to E. R. GLASCOCK,  
Forage Master U. S. A.

nov6-lm t a g

OIL!!!

OIL!!!

OIL!!!

Memphis Cotton Seed Oil Com'y.

FENTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CRUDE, REFINED OR BLEACHED COTTON

SEED OIL

Oil Cake and Meal,

59...NAVY YARD BUILDING...59

MEMPHIS, TENN.

THE CRUDE OIL is being extensively used for

the place of fuel and coal oil, while the OIL MEAL

is universally conceded to be the cheapest and most

nutritious food for stock in the South.

Orders solicited and promptly filled at current

rates.

nov29-3m

STOVE AND HOLLOW WARE

FOUNDRY.

(Broad Street, beyond N. & C. Railroad.)

Nashville, Tennessee.

THE undersigned has purchased the above Foundry

of Mr. H. P. Davis, and is prepared to fill all orders

for STOVES, HOLLOW WARE and other CASTINGS,

at the shortest notice, and at prices which will

make it an object for dealers to patronize him. His

work will not only be executed in the best and most

substantial manner, but cheaper than the same articles

can be bought abroad and imported, or manufactured

locally. He respectfully solicits orders.

nov1-12-1

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING qualified as Administrator of the estate of

Rachel Irwin, deceased, I hereby notify all persons

indebted to said estate to come forward and make

payment, and all those having claims against it will

present them to me for payment, within the time pre-

scribed by law.

F. A. IRWIN, Adm'r.

nov22-3w

\$15,000

DESIRABLE DRY GOODS

FOR SALE.

I HAVE about the above amount of Goods belonging

to the old firm, and will

OFFER A BARGAIN

To any one who will buy the lot. The Goods are

packed and stored, an invoice of which can be seen

by calling on me at the store of M. C. Owens, No. 3,

South side Public square. They consist mainly of

Summer Goods, Varieties, Cloths, Trim-

mings, White Goods, &c.

All of which are very desirable.

FRANCIS FURMAN.

Next door to the old stand of Furman & Co.

nov5-1

## Music.

New Steinway Piano  
At Luck's Music Store,  
No. 45 Union street.

THIS instrument is warranted new and perfectly adapted for the most satisfactory use as will be seen on examination. I will sell at manufacturer's price, without additional charge for freight. Those in want of a Piano will find it to their interest to call and examine it before purchasing.

JOHN LUCK,  
Music Dealer, 45 Union

nov17-1f

Southern Music Store.

JAS. A. McCURE takes pleasure in announcing to the public that he has now associated with him Prof. O. Beckus, the popular Musician and Author. His many friends and the public generally, can now have his aid in selecting Sheet Music and Musical Instruments. My stock of Sheet Music and Pianos is the largest in the South-west, to which will be added daily all the New Music published.

I am still manufacturing Drums and Bugles, which are pronounced the best in use. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. McCURE & CO.

N. B.—Just issued second edition of the Palmetto

Song; the most popular song ever published in the

South. In press, Prof. Beckus's new song, Star of

Liberty, which will be ready about 1st August. Send

your order. Only 40c.

July 26.

Hotels, &c.

THE ST. CLOUD HOTEL,

Enlarged and Refurnished.

THE undersigned having taken the ST. CLOUD

HOTEL, has enlarged it materially, and refurnished

it throughout in the most elegant style, will open

the house to the public on Thursday the 5th inst.

SAMUEL J. CARTER.

July 2d.

RESTAURANT TORTONI.

NO. CEDAR STREET, Nashville.

H. V. BASSETT, PROPRIETOR.

THIS establishment has been newly opened, and is

equipped with all the modern improvements. The

tables are supplied with all the luxuries that can

be procured, prepared in the very best style.

The Bill of Fare, indeed, will challenge comparison

with that of any house in the Southwest.

The finest Wines and Brandies are kept constantly

on hand. Dinners or Suppers furnished in any part

of the city on short notice.

nov1-1f

ADAMS, EVES & CO.'S

EATING

AND

Drinking Saloon.

NO. 3 DEADERICK ST., NASHVILLE, TENN.

THIS popular cafe is kept open day and night. It is

well stocked with Wines, Brandies and Liquors of

all kinds, Cigars, Tobacco, &c. The Table is always

well supplied with the best market affords, served

up in excellent style. Lunch or meals can be had at

any hour during the day or night; also Hot Coffee

every morning at 8 o'clock per cup. The proprietors

respectfully ask a continuance of the liberal patronage

hitherto extended them.

may3-1f

"METROPOLITAN"

EATING HOUSE,

CORNER CEDAR AND CHERRY STREETS,

Nashville, Tennessee.

J. MOORE, Proprietor.

I HAVE made extensive arrangements for the recep-

tion of all the delicacies of the coming season of

Fish, Fowl and Game; our Oysters will be from the

most celebrated beds. Pickles and condiments from

the celebrated French and Italian, and from the

Isle of France, with a large and well selected stock

of

Wines, Liquors, &c., &c.

Excellent COOKS and attentive Waiters, the whole

under the superintendence of that well known Epicure,

Mr. CHARLES PICKLES.

On and after the 15th of September we will be pre-

pared to wait upon our customers, DAY AND NIGHT.

Railway travelers will find this arrangement to their

advantage.

REMEMBER THE METROPOLITAN.

nov3-1f

M'FERRAN'S

NORTH MARKET STREET.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and

the public that he has still on hand a number of

handsome vehicles of all kinds, and a splendid stud

of buggy and saddle horses, for the use of fast young

gentlemen, or for the accommodation of Young America's

Sweetheart.

What man living, of any sort of progressive spirit,

would be content to trail behind a SLOW HORSE

when he knows that an ANIMAL OF SPIRIT could be

obtained

AT THE LEVIATHAN STABLES.

Parties desiring Coaches for "PIC-NICS," and safe

and careful Drivers, should not forget what the papers

said about Wm. McCAIN, from the LEVIATHAN STABLES

Stables, on North Market street.

J. C. McFERRAN,

Proprietor.

nov20-1f

CURREY & MARSHALL,

UNDERTAKERS,

At J. H. Currey's old stand on Union, be-

tween Cherry and Summer streets.

BE prepared to attend to Funerals at all times

with Wooden Coffins, plain or covered, and ME-

TALLIC BURIAL CASES and CASES of a superior

quality, manufactured by H. Marshall & Co., in this

city.

Prices to suit the times.